DATA SHEET

T 2523 EN

Type 2406 Excess Pressure Valve

Self-operated Pressure Regulators · ANSI version





Excess pressure valve for set points from 0.075 to 150 psi · Nominal size NPS ½ to 2 1) · Pressure rating Class 125 to 300 Suitable for gases at temperatures from -5 to +140 °F · 32 to +300 °F ²⁾

The valve opens when the upstream pressure rises.

This regulator is used to control the pressure of flammable gases used as a source of energy, e.g. in boilers, driers, vaporizers, heat exchangers or industrial ovens. Alternatively, it can control the compressed air supply in process engineering applications.

An additional application of the regulator is the pressure control of inert gas used for inerting or blanketing reaction or storage tanks to protect the product in the tank from oxidation, explosion or escaping. To achieve an economical consumption of the inert gas, its pressure must be controlled to always remain slightly higher than atmospheric pressure while the tank is being filled or emptied.

Special features

- Low-maintenance proportional regulators
- Compact regulator design providing excellent control accuracy
- Internal set point springs with set point adjustment using a set point adjuster on the actuator
- Spring-loaded, single-seated valve balanced by a balancing diaphragm
- External connection of a control line
- Meets strict emission requirements (TA Luft)
- Minimum leakage class IV

Version

Valves in NPS 1/2 to 2 · Flanged connections · Soft-seated plug · Body made of cast iron, cast steel or cast stainless steel



Fig. 1: Type 2406 Excess Pressure Valve

Special versions

- FDA version 3)
- NACE version for sour gas applications
- Actuator with seal and leakage line connection
- Version with connected control line. Pressure tapped directly at the valve body; optionally also with pressure gauge



SAMSOI

NPS 1/2 and 3/4 not in Class 125

For unbalanced versions with FKM diaphragm and FKM soft seal
This version is not suitable for direct contact with products manufactured in the food and pharmaceutical industries. It can only be used close to the product.

Principle of operation

The medium flows through the regulator in the direction indicated by the arrow. The position of the plug determines the flow rate across the area released between plug (3) and seat (2).

In the pressureless state (control line not connected and no pressure applied) the valve is closed by the force of the set point spring (7).

The upstream pressure p_1 to be controlled is tapped upstream of the valve and transmitted over the control line $^{1)}$ to the control line connection (9) on the actuator housing (6) where it is converted into a positioning force. This force is used to move

the valve plug according to the force of the set point spring (7).

The spring force can be adjusted at the set point adjuster (8). When the force resulting from the upstream pressure p_1 rises above the adjusted set point, the valve opens proportionally to the change in pressure.

In the version with pressure balancing, the forces produced by the upstream and downstream pressures acting on the plug are eliminated by the balancing diaphragm (10). The plug is fully balanced.

Optional: pressure tapping directly at the valve body

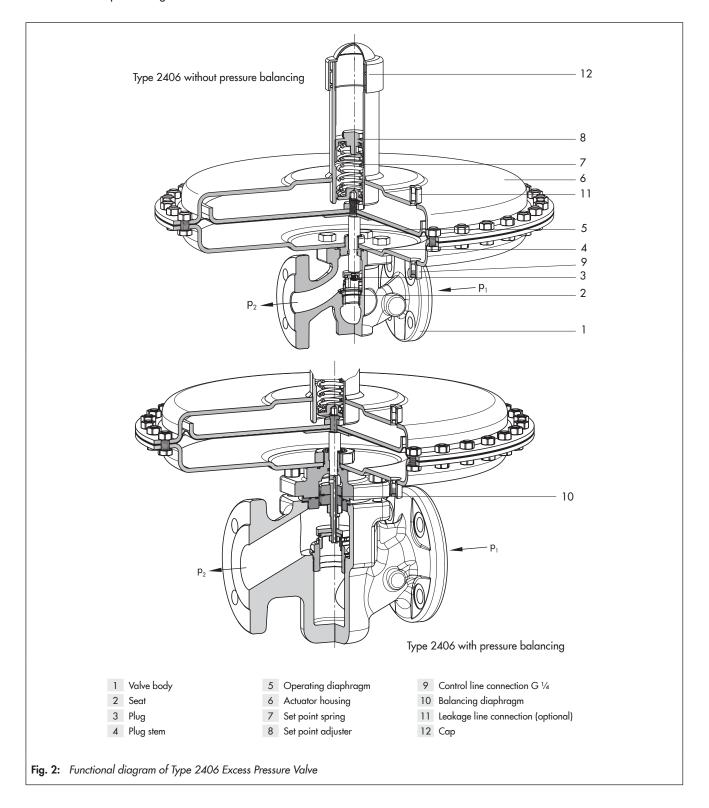


Table 1: Technical data

Nominal size 1)		NPS 1/2	NPS 1/2	NPS 1	NPS 11/2	NPS 2		
Pressure rating (valve)	Class 125 · Class 150 · Class 300							
	Standard	5	7.5	9.4	23	37		
C _V coefficients	Reduced C _V coefficients	0.12 · 0.3 · 0.5 1.2 · 2 · 3	0.12 · 0.3 · 0.5 1.2 · 2 · 3 · 5	$0.12 \cdot 0.3 \cdot 0.5 \\ 1.2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 \cdot 7.5$	7.5 9.4 · 20	7.5 · 9.4 20 · 23		
Max. permissible temperature temperature)	−5 to +140 °F · (32 to 300 °F) ²⁾							
Leakage class according to A	Soft-seated, minimum Class IV							
Conformity	C € · EHI							
Set point ranges	0.075 to 0.25 psi · 0.15 to 0.42 psi · 0.35 to 0.87 psi · 0.75 to 3 psi 1.5 to 8 psi · 3 to 15 psi · 10 to 35 psi · 30 to 75 psi · 65 to 150 psi							
	186 in ²	7 psi						
	100 in ²	1 <i>4</i> .5 psi						
Max. permissible pressure	50 in ²	30 psi						
at operating diaphragm 3)	25 in ²	45 psi						
	12.5 in ²	75 psi						
	6 in ²	220 psi						
Pressure balancing	$C_V = 0.12 \text{ to } 5$	Without balancing diaphragm						
	$C_V = 7.5 \text{ to } 37$	With balancing diaphragm						
Pressure tapping over a connected control line		External control line · Direct at the valve body (special version)						
Control line connection		G ¼ – with ¼ NPT adapter –						

Table 2: Materials · Material numbers according to ASTM and DIN EN

Valve body	A126B, A216 WCC	A351 CF8M		
Seat	316L	316L		
Plug	316L	316L		
Plug stem	316L			
Seal	EPDM · FKM · NBR			
Balancing diaphragm	EPDM · FKM · NBR			
Actuator housing	1.0332	1.4301		
Operating diaphragm	EPDM · FKM · NBR			

Larger nominal sizes on request
Unbalanced version with FKM diaphragm and FKM soft seal; not for FDA version
Corresponds to the maximum differential pressure

Installation

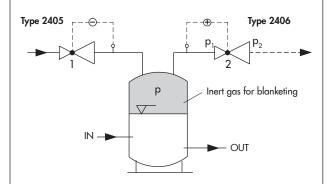
The regulator is preferably to be installed in horizontal pipelines:

 Actuator housing on top of the valve. The actuator faces upward in the upright direction.



- The direction of flow must match the direction indicated by the arrow on the body.
- In applications in which the blanketing gas can liquefy, condensate may form in the control line, causing damage to the regulator. To allow condensate to run back into the tank, install the control line with an approximate 10 % slope to the pressure tapping point at the tank.
- Distance between the pressure tapping point and regulator min. 2x NPS

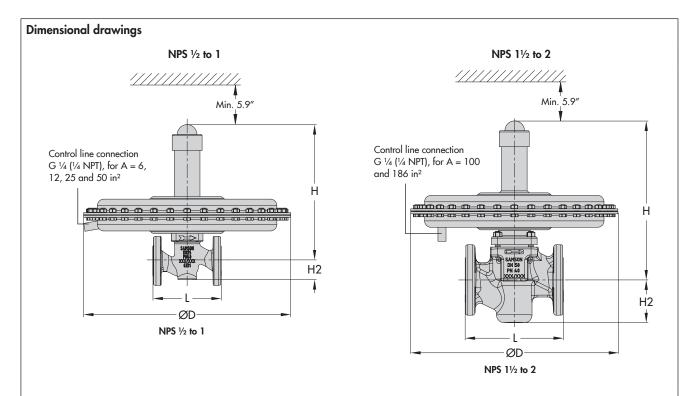
In exceptional cases, the regulator can also be installed in vertical pipelines with the direction of flow from the top (see EB 2522 for more details).



If the pressure p of the inert gas in the tank falls below the set point p_1 adjusted at the **Type 2405** Pressure Reducing Valve (1), it opens to allow more gas to enter the tank. The valve (1) closes again when the pressure p of the blanketing gas has been reestablished.

If the pressure is too high, the inert gas is vented off over the **Type 2406** Excess Pressure Valve (2).

Fig. 3: Sample application, Type 2406 used for vapor recovery



The control line connection is turned by 90° in the drawing. The connection is normally located opposite the side with the arrow indicating the direction of flow.

An adapter G $\frac{1}{4}$ to $\frac{1}{4}$ -18 NPT (order no. 0230-3417) must be ordered separately.

Fig. 4: Dimensions of Type 2406

Table 3: Dimensions in inch and weights in lb

Nor	ninal size			NPS 1/2	NPS ¾	NPS 1	NPS 11/2	NPS 2	
		Class 125 and 150	inch	7.25 ²⁾	7.25 ²⁾	7.25	8.75	10.00	
Valve	Length L ANSI	Class 300	inch	7.50	7.62	7.75	9.25	10.50	
		Cast steel	inch		1.73		2.	2.83	
	Height H2	Forged steel	inch	2.1	_	2.8	3.7	3.9	
	0.075 to 0.25 psi	Without Height H balancing			12.8″		14.6"		
			With balancing	3	13.9″			14.8″	
		Actuator			ØD = 19.1", A = 186 in ²				
	0.15 to 0.42 psi	Height H	Without balancing		12.5″		14		
			With balancing		13.6″			14.6"	
		Actuator		ØD	ØD = 15", A = 100 in ²		\emptyset D = 19.1",	\emptyset D = 19.1", A = 186 in ²	
	0.35 to 0.87 psi	Height H	Without balancing		12.5″		14.4"		
			With balancing	9	13.6″			14.6"	
		Actuator			$\emptyset D = 15'', A = 100 \text{ in}^2$				
	0.75 to 3 psi	Height H	Without balancing		12.5″		14.4"		
	0.7 0 10 0 psi		With balancing	3	13.6″			14.6"	
<u>o</u>		Actuator			ØD	= 11.2", A =	50 in ²		
Set point range	1.5 to 8 psi	Height H	Without balancing		12.5″		14.4"		
poi			With balancing)	13.6"			14.6"	
Set		Actuator			$\emptyset D = 11.2'', A = 50 \text{ in}^2$				
	3 to 15 psi	Height H	Without balancing		12.5″		14.4"		
	3 10 13 psi		With balancing	3	13.6″		14.6"		
	Actuator				\emptyset D = 8.9", A = 25 in ²				
	10 to 35 psi	Height H	Without balancing		13.0″		14.4"		
			With balancing	3	14.0"		14.5"		
		Actuator			$\emptyset D = 6.7'', A = 12 \text{ in}^2$				
	30 to 75 psi	Height H	Without balancing		13.1″		14.5"		
			With balancing	3	14.1″		14.7"		
		Actuator			$\varnothing D = 6.7'', A = 6 \text{ in}^2$				
	65 to 145 psi	Height H	Without balancing		17.2″		19.1″		
			With balancing		18.2"		19.3″		
	0.075 : 0.05	Actuator				0 = 6.7", A =	6 in ²		
Set point range	0.075 to 0.25 psi	Weight 13 in lb (approx.)			61.7 lb		2 lb		
	0.15 to 0.42 psi				39.7 lb				
	0.35 to 0.87 psi				30.9 lb		66.1 lb		
	0.75 to 3 psi						57.3 lb		
	1.5 to 8 psi								
	3 to 15 psi				22 lb		48.5		
	10 to 35 psi			17.6 lb		44.1			
	30 to 75 psi			17.6 lb		44.1			
1) E	65 to 145 psi Body made of A216 WCC	14053 05034 55	2.0/	2) Not for Class	19.8 lb		46.3	O ID	

¹⁾ Body made of A216 WCC and A351 CF8M: +10 %

²⁾ Not for Class 125

Ordering text

Type 2406 Excess Pressure Valve

Nominal size NPS ... Set point range ... psi

 C_V coefficient ...

Materials: plug seal ..., balancing diaphragm ..., operating

diaphragm ...

Body material ..., optionally, special version ...